LLRF synchronization based on White-Rabbit. First results of the system in the IFMIF/EVEDA RFQ conditioning in Rokkasho

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CIEMA Solutions When every nanosecond counts Miguel Méndez mmendez@sevensols.com

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LLRF Workshop 2017 - Barcelona October 16th-19th, 2017





- IFMIF/EVEDA Project
 - LIPAc facility
 - Seven Solutions involvement
- Time-needs & distribution
- Control-needs: Digital LLRF
- Lab setup & results
- First results in the IFMIF/EVEDA RFQ conditioning

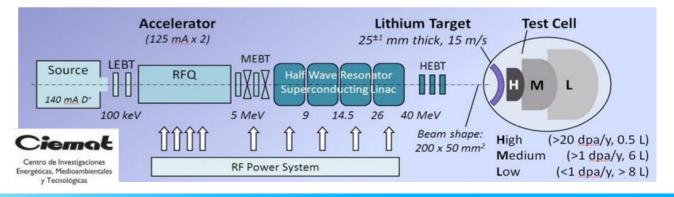




The International Fusion Materials Irradiation Facility (**IFMIF**) has been designed to test the materials to be employed in future deuterium-lithium fusion reactors (2007).

IFMIF/EVEDA project (LIPAc facility): Is a linac with a total nominal power of 2.65 MW that will be injected in the Radiofrequency Quadrupole (RFQ), the Medium Energy Beam Transport (MEBT), and the Superconducting RF (SRF) cavities by means of 18 RF power chains:

- 8 RFQ of 200kW
- 2 MEBT of 16kW
- 8 SRF of 105kW

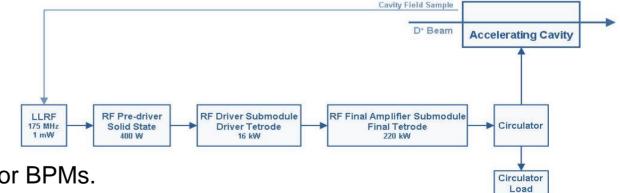






CIEMAT is responsible of IFMIF-EVEDA RF System: 18 three-stage amplifiers chain working at 175 MHz. Seven Solutions was recruited to provide:

 The Low-Level Radio Frequency (LLRF): responsible to control/tune the RF cavities in the accelerator. It also supports the synchronization, data logging and fast interlock system related to the RF cavities.



• And the **clock distribution** for BPMs.

IFMIF/EVEDA Time needs



- IFMIF/EVEDA Project
- Time-needs & distribution
 - White Rabbit Technology
 - Clock & Timing distribution
- Control-needs: Digital LLRF
- Lab setup & results
- First results in the IFMIF/EVEDA RFQ conditioning

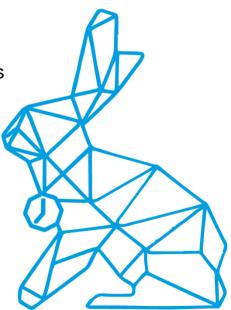






White Rabbit?...An extension of Ethernet.

- It was born at CERN for time and frequency dissemination up to 1000 nodes
- Ultra-synchronization: Sync-E & PTP (IEEE-1588v2)
 - Sub-nanosecond time accuracy
 - Clock RMS jitter ~2 ps (1Hz 1MHz)
- Accurate timestamps
- Thousand of nodes: compatible with standard Eth. nodes
- Distance range over 80 km
- Robustness & redundancy
- Self-calibration over long distances







How White Rabbit works

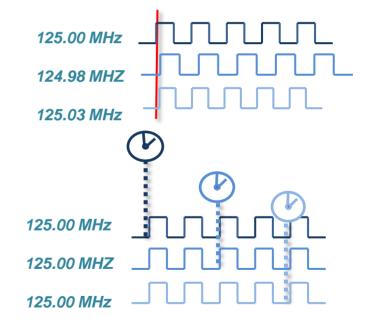
Synchronization: Sync-E & PTP (IEEE-1588v2)

Small differences in the node/switch ______ individual clocks.

Sync-E

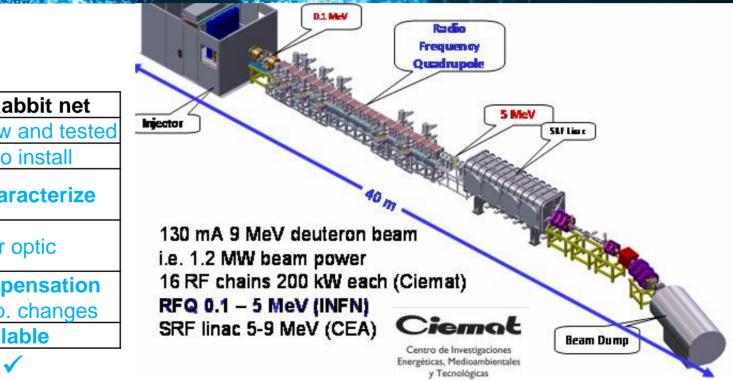
Common notion of frequency!!

SYNTONIZATION VIA SYNC-E



IFMIF/EVEDA Time needs





RF clock distribution:

1. 15.

Coaxial Fan-out	White Rabbit net		
Analog and tested	Digital, new and tested		
Ease to install	Ease to install		
Need to	Auto-characterize		
characterize lines			
Electromagnetic	Fiber optic		
effect			
Temp. Derivation	Self compensation		
	with temp. changes		
Not scalable	Scalable		
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			

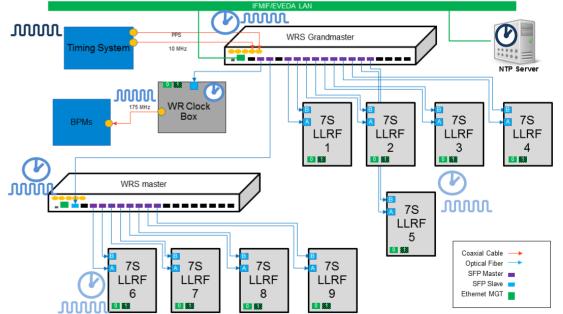
## IFMIF/EVEDA WR network



Timing Distribution for IFMIF-EVEDA using White Rabbit

Timing and clock distribution thought the accelerator (WR):

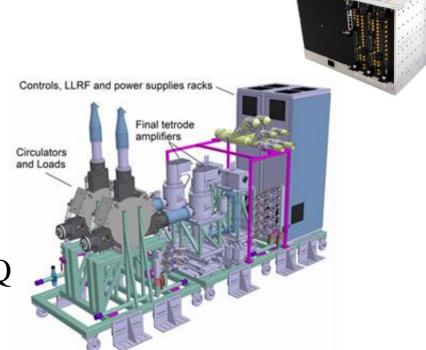
- **Frequency distribution** through all WR node of the particle accelerator.
- **Common sense of time** in all the devices: Time and events are also distributed and used for triggering and time stamp the diagnostics.







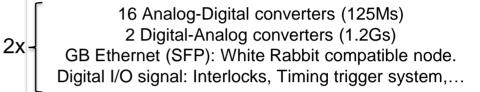
- IFMIF/EVEDA Project
- Time-needs & distribution
- Control-needs: Digital LLRF
  - HW specifications
  - SW specifications
- Lab setup & results
- First results in the IFMIF/EVEDA RFQ conditioning



### Digital LLRF HW Specs



5.5.5.5.6.6.6





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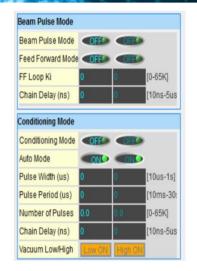
#### Main Features

- Intel® Core™ i7, 2.53 GHz
- Dual-core 64-bit processor
- PICMG CPCI-S.0 CompactPCI® Serial
- . Up to 4 GB DDR3 DRAM soldered, ECC
- mSATA and microSD[™] card slots
- Standard front I/O: 2 DisplayPorts, 2 Gb Ethernet, 2 USE
- Standard rear I/O: 7 PCIe®, 8 USB, 6 SATA, DisplayPort®/HDMI
- Rear I/O via mezzanine board: up to 8 Gigabit Ethernet
  Intel® Turbo Boost 2.53..3.2 GHz, Hyper-Threading, Acti Management Technology
- Open CL 1.1 support

### @ 2017 Copyright – LLRF based on WR

## Digital LLRF SW Specs

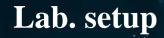
- Control of acquisition, interlocks and data logger through EPICS platform & CSS/BOY.
- Integration of White Rabbit protocol to synchronize LLRF systems.
- Characterization and calibration of the ADC/DAC.
- Creation of a Python testing procedure to check the quality of the components (PLL, VCXO, ADC, Attenuators, etc).





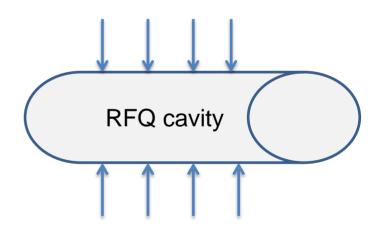
**SENEN** Solutions

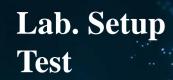
Amplitude & Phase	Setup		Write Def.
Cavity Voltage (mV)	446.68 mV	446.66 m	[0-1400]
Cavity Volt. (dBm)	3.000 dBm		
Cav. Volt. Limit (mV)	900.00 mV		
Cavity Phase	35.00	35.00	[0-360]°
Amp. Ramp Rate	0.06r 🔻	0.06r 🔻	mV/s
Phase Ramp Rate	0.5 d 🔻	0.5 d 🔻	°/s
Amp RefMin (mV)	300.00 mV	300.04 m	[0-1400]
Amp RefMin (dBm)	-0.458 dBr		
Phase RefMin	45.00	45.00	[0-360]°
PI Limit	800.00 mV	799.99 m	[0-1K] mV
Ki	850	850	[0-11/]
Кр	0.06	0.06	[0-16]
En. AmpPh Loops	Open	Open	
Gain K	1.00	1.00	[0.01-4.0]
Look MO Ref.	OFF		,
Quadrant	1 •	1 -	]
En. Vcav PhShift	ONO	ON	
Phase Shift Vcav	135.00	135.00	[0-360]°
Enable Vctrl PhShift	OFF		
Phase Shift Vctrl	0.00	0.00	[0-360]°
# Samples to Avg	2 🔻	2 🔻	1
Filter Stages	0 -	0 -	1



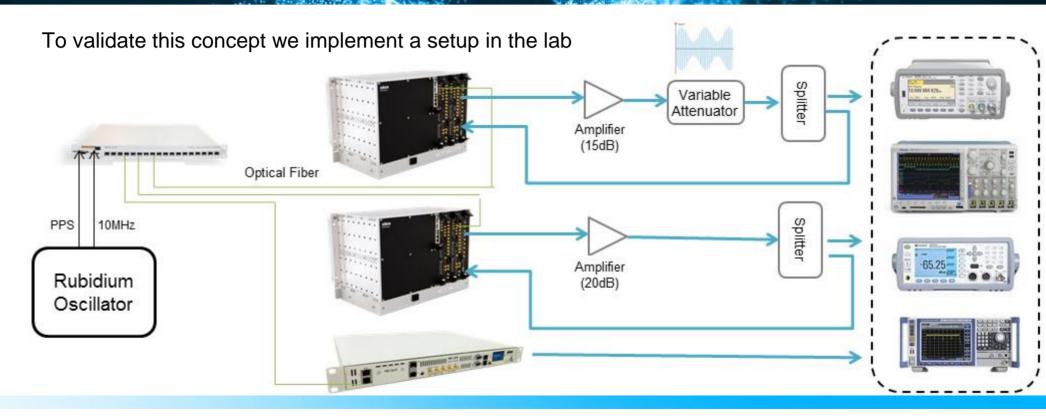


- IFMIF/EVEDA Project
- Time-needs & distribution
- Control-needs: Digital LLRF
- Lab setup test & results
- First results in the IFMIF/EVEDA RFQ conditioning



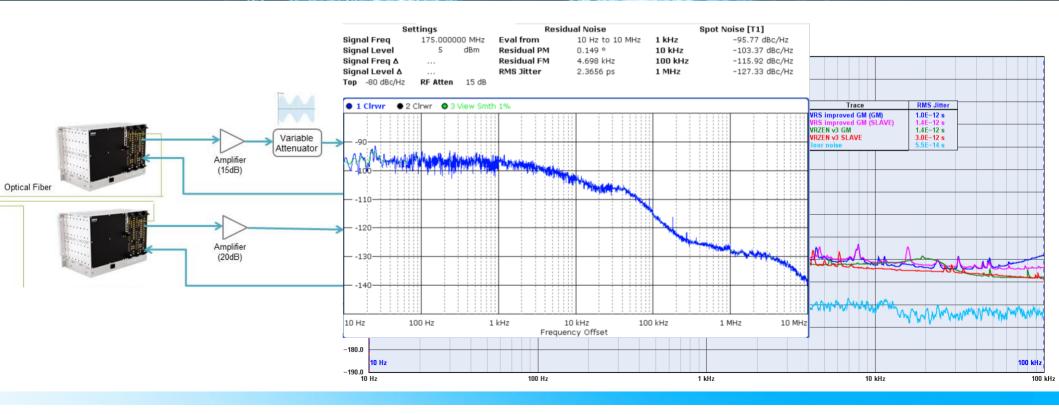






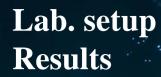
### Lab. setup Results



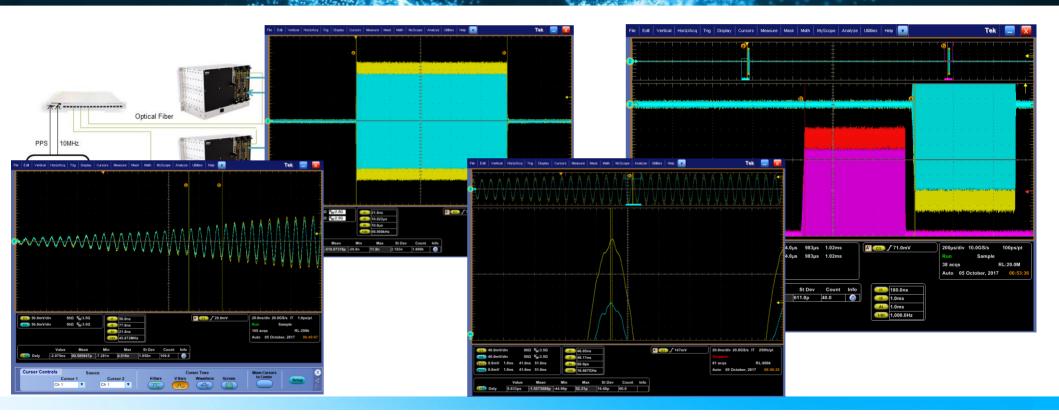


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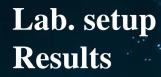






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Lab Test: 56 hours(0,25SPS, 49KSP), 6° Temp. deviation 2000 RF = 17500000Hz (StdDev = 0,000006233) 1800 1600 Frequency deviation: **Samples (48hours)** 1200 1000 800 600 *Min* = -0,0002207% ; *Max*= 0,0002203% *RMS* = 0,0000633 % 600 Variable Attenuator Amplifie (15dB) 400 Optical Fibe 200 PPS 10MHz 0 Amplifier (20dB) 41,4 38,1 34,8 31,5 28,2 28,2 18,3 18,3 -15 -1,17 -1,5,1 -1,5,1 -1,5,1 -1,8 -1,8 -1,8 -1,8 18 221,3 227,9 27,9 331,2 337,8 44,4 47,7 47,7 48 Rubidium 4 Oscillator Freq. deviation (mHz)

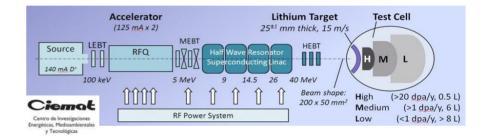


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## **RFQ** conditioning



- IFMIF/EVEDA Project
- Time-needs & distribution
- Control-needs: Digital LLRF
- Lab setup & results
- First results in the IFMIF/EVEDA RFQ conditioning in Rokkasho



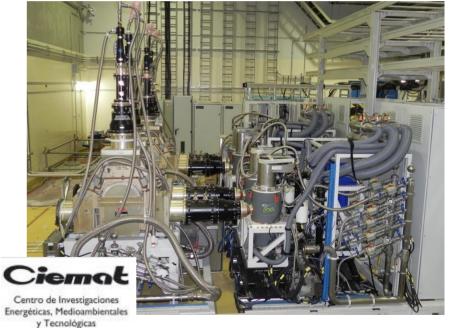


### RFQ conditioning Rokkasho



First results in the conditioning of IFMIF/EVEDA RFQ cavity

- RFQ cavity of 9.8 meters
- Conditioning of RFQ cavity
- 8 independent amplifier chain & RF control.





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### **RFQ conditioning First results**

# SENEN Solutions







- We have developed a scalable, flexible and totally digital **LLRF** for IFMIF/EVEDA project and LIPAc facility in collaboration with CIEMAT.
- We use White Rabbit Technology to distribute clock and time through the accelerator RF controls (LLRF, BPMs) in a synchronized way.
- LLRF test results provide better accuracy and precision than expected:
  - Precision: 2,3psec (10Hz-10MHz without optimization)
  - Accuracy: 60/100psec (without specific calibration)
- Some characterization and optimization must be done.
- First results in Rokkasho were a grate successful and 8 independent amplifier chains for a RFQ cavity conditioning were synchronized.

